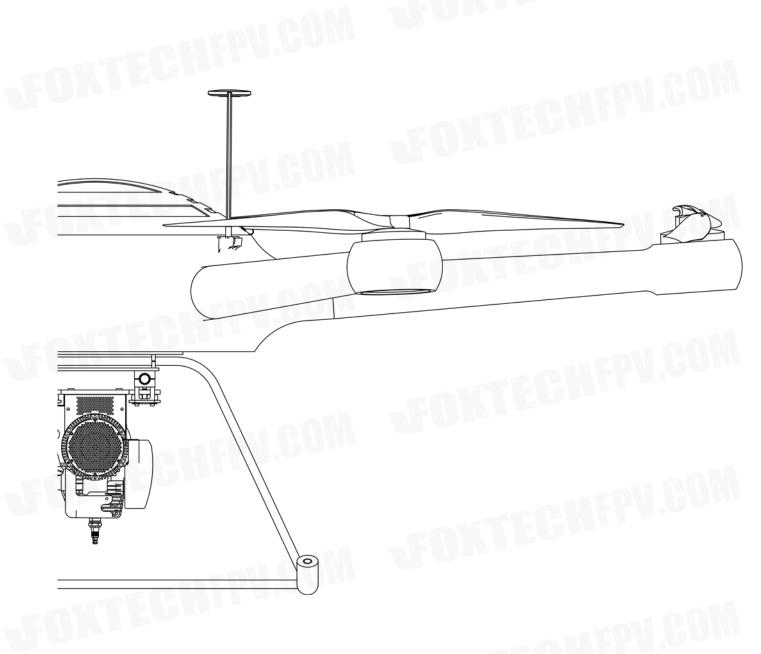
GAIA 160HY-Hybrid Pixhawk 2.1

User Manual

V1.1 2019.04





Contents

Contents	
Product Profile	2
Introduction	2
Highlighted Features	2
Assembled View	3
Specifications	4
Installation	5
Power System	5
Generator System	6
Generator System Connection Illustrator	7
Compatible Gimbals	8
Foxtech Seeker-30 Connection Illustrator	9
Flight	10
Flight Environment	10
Pre-Flight Checklist	10
Calibrating the Compass	11
Takeoff and Landing	12
Appendix	14
Pixhawk 2.1 Flight Control System Overview	14
DA16 Remote Controller	17

Product Profile

Introduction

GAIA 160HY-Hybrid Pixhawk 2.1 hexacopter is a long flight time hexacopter equipped with gasoline-electric hybrid power system and Pixhawk 2.1 flight controller which ensuring safe and stable operation at all times. With a maximum flight time of 3 hours, take off weight of 19.5kg, Gaia 160HY can meet specific needs across a range of industries. Its carbon fiber material and mechanical design, with quick-release arms make it easy to transport, store, and prepare for flight.

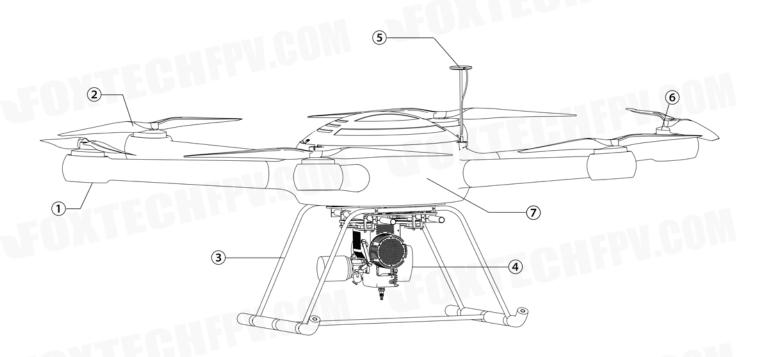
Highlighted Features

The heart of GAIA 160HY is the on board NOVA 2000 generator. With which the max take-off weight can reach 21kg (Default power system), and the max flight time is about 3 hours. This 2000W NOVA generator is the world record keeper by completing 100km sea bay flight in 175 minutes.

Triple redundancy IMU system makes the Pixhawk 2.1 flight more securer, greatly improved the reliability, IMU with built-in vibration dampening system which effictively filters high frequency vibration, reducing noise to IMU measurements. The Here 2 GNSS(M8N) GPS module features accurate positioning and faster response, colorful LED lights for visible indications of UAV status.

The GAIA 160HY is compatible with FH series zooming camera and gimbals, Seeker series camera and gimbals and DJI series camera and gimbals for professional aerial photography and industrial applications.

Assembled View



- ① T-MOTOR Flame 60A ESC
- 2 Foxtech Supreme 3010T Propeller
- ③ Landing Gear

- 4 NOVA-2000 Generator
- ⑤ Here 2 GPS
- **6** T-MOTOR U8II KV85
- 7 GAIA 160HY-Hybrid

This content is subject to change.

Download the latest version from

https://www.foxtechfpv.com/gaia-160-hybrid-hexacopter-arf-combo.html

Specifications

Aircraft Structure	AL THURSDAY
Wheelbase	1600mm
UAV Dimension(Unfolding)	1600mmx1600mx680mm
UAV Body Dimension(Without Arms)	800mmx800mx500mm
Dimensions(NOVA-2000 Generator)	192mmx215mmx222mm
Shipping Dimension	
	8900mmx8800mmx6700mm
Shipping Weight	104kg(Throw Weight)
Weight(NOVA-2000 Generator)	4kg
No Payload Weight	15.5kg(No Fuel)
Max Take-off Weight	21kg
Propeller	Supreme 3010T Propeller
Motor	T-Motor U8II KV85
ESC	T-Motor Flame 60A ESC
Flight Controller	Pixhawk Flight Control
Radio	DA16+ Radio Controller 2+Remote Controller
Flight-time	3 Hours(4L Fuel)
Max Speed	15m/s
Max.Flight Height	≤2000m
Max.Ascending Speed	5m/s
Max.Descending Speed	4m/s
Working Temperature	-10 °C ~+45 °C
Max Generator Output	2000W
Average Generator Output	1800W
Voltage	48V
Fuel Consumption	1.5L/H(Max)
Tank	4L(Customized tank are available. Max tank volume
	is 7L.)
Battery	6s 3300mAh x2

^{*}NOVA-2000 generator is suitable for those multicopters whose power is still lower than 1800w \triangle even with 6kg generator system(including generator, fuel tank and 1L gasoline).

^{*}The specifications above is standard combo. For customized application solutions, please contact Foxtech sales.

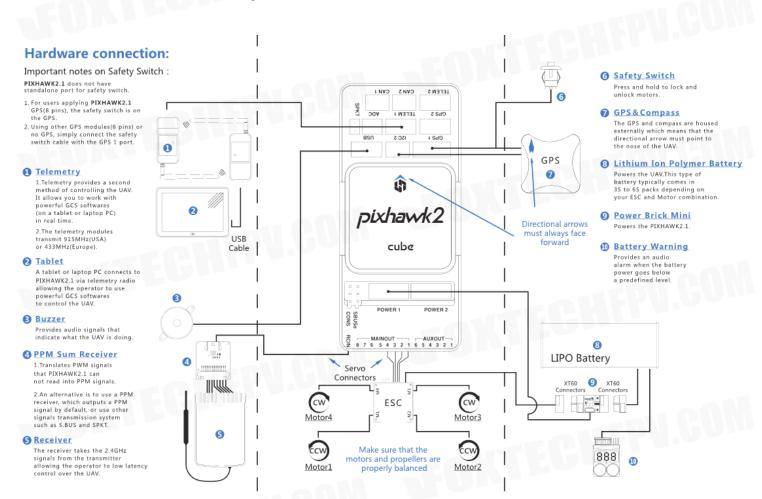
Installation

Power System

1. Fix T-Motor U8II KV85 motors and Flame 60A ESC on arms.



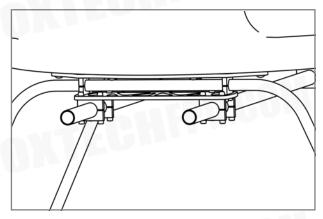
2. Install Pixhawk 2.1 and arrange cables.



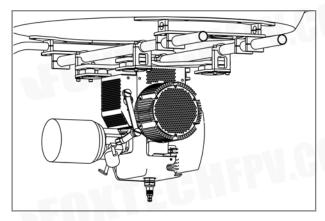
Generator System

1. Connect the fuel hose and the return hose. Mount the fuel tank. (For more information, download NOVA-2000 hybrid generator manual.

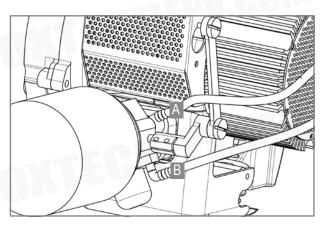
https://www.foxtechfpv.com/foxtech-nova-2000-generator.html)



Generator Loading Kit

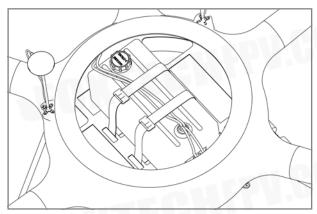


Mount the NOVA-2000 Generator



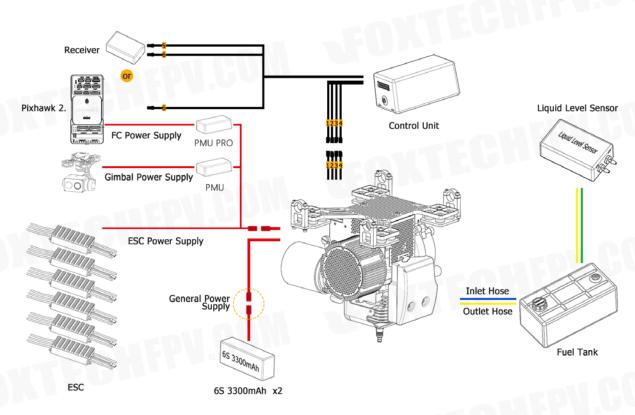
A: Fuel Hose

B: Return Hose



Mount the Fuel Tank

Generator System Connection Illustrator



Compatible Gimbals

1. Foxtech Seeker Series Camera and Gimbals







Seeker-18



Seeker-18 IR



Seeker-30



Seeker-30 TR

2. Foxtech FH Series Camera and Gimbals



FH310IR-TR



FH318/FH318Z



FH336-TR





FH230

3.DJI Series Camera and Gimbals



Zenmuse XT



Zenmuse X5



Zenmuse X3

4. Foxtech Mapping Cameras

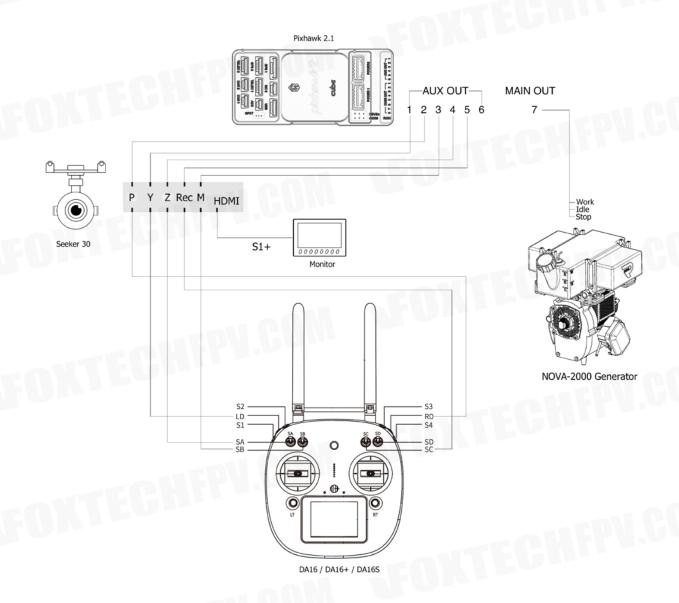


MAP 02



Zenmuse X3

Foxtech Seeker-30 Connection Illustrator



Flight

Flight Environment

- 1.Do not use the aircraft in adverse weather conditions including rain, snow, fog, and wind speeds exceeding 8 m/s.
- 2.Only fly in open areas. Tall buildings and steel structures may affect the accuracy of the compass and the GPS signal.
- 3. Avoid flying near obstacles, crowds, high voltage power lines, trees and bodies of water.
- 4. Avoid flying in areas with high levels of electromagnetism, including mobile phone base stations and radio transmission towers.
- 5. Aircraft and battery performance is subject to environmental factors such as air density and temperature. Be very careful when flying over 8,202 feet(2,500 meters) above sea level as the battery and aircraft performance may be reduced.

Pre-Flight Checklist

Before each flight, make sure:

- 1.All firmware is up-to-date.
- 2. The remote controller, Batteries and your mobile device are fully charged.
- 3. The GPS-Compass is unfolded and the arrow on the GPS-Compass points toward the front of the aircraft.
- 4.All cables are connected correctly and firmly.
- 5. The QGC app is connected to the aircraft.
- 6. Motors start properly and are functioning as normal.
- 7.NOVA primer pump is filled with petrol.

Calibrating the Compass

Be sure to calibrate the compass before your first flight, or else the aircraft cannot work properly. After that, calibrate the compass when the QGC app or the Aircraft Status Indicator prompts you to do so.

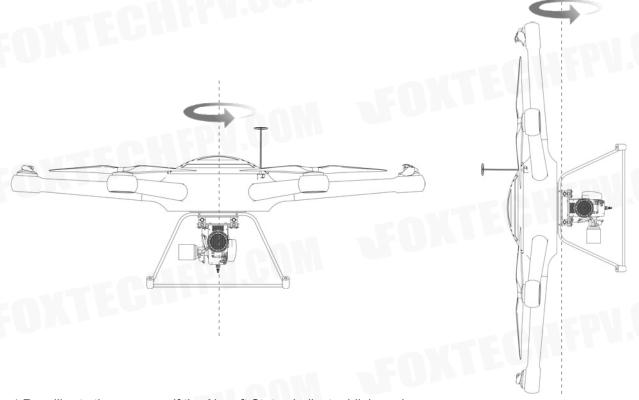


- * DO NOT calibrate your compass where there is a chance of strong magnetic interference, such as magnetite quarries, parking structures, and underground steel reinforcements.
- * DO NOT carry ferromagnetic objects such as cellular phones with you during calibration.

Calibration Procedures

Choose an open space to carry out: the following procedures.

- 1. Tap the System Status bar in the app and select Calibrate, then follow the on-screen instructions to calibrate the aircraft step-by-step.
- 2. Hold the aircraft horizontally, and rotate it 360 degrees along the central axis. The Aircraft Status Indicator will emit a solid green light.
- 3. Hold the aircraft vertically with its nose pointing downwards, and rotate it 360 degrees around its central



4. Recalibrate the compass if the Aircraft Status Indicator blinks red.



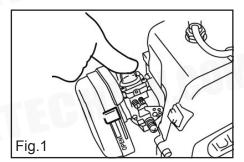
- Calibrate the compass after you launch the QGC app if you are prompted to do so.
- After successful calibration, the compass may become abnormal and the QGC app will prompt you to recalibrate the compass when you place the aircraft on the ground. Move the aircraft to another location.
- The QGC app will prompt you to resolve the compass issue if the compass is affected by strong interference after calibration is complete. Follow the prompted instructions to resolve the compass issue.

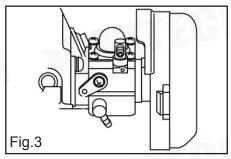
Takeoff and Landing

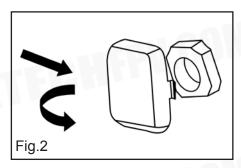
Takeoff

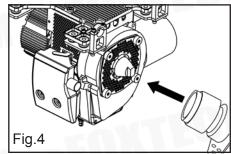
Follow the steps below to Takeoff:

- 1. Push the primer pump several times until fuel supply pipe is filled with gasoline (Fig. 1).
- 2. Check the inlet filter if it is clogged(Fig.2).
- 3. Power on and switch the three-position switch to "idle". Make sure the status lamp on NOVA controller is "green".
- 4.Close the Choke Lever (Fig.3), a.Push hard the starter to NOVA, b.Push the start button for seconds. Disconnect starter from NOVA.(For a warm start, choking may not be necessary.)
- 5. Open the Choke(Fig.3). Push start button for 2~3 seconds. Pull the starter until hearing running noise(Fig.4).

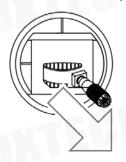








- 6.Switch the three-position switch to "run", and monitor the UAV input voltage. Voltage should be at 49±1V.
- 7.Run NOVA for 1 minute for warming up.
- 8. Launch the QGC app and enter the Camera View.
- 9. Ensure that the aircraft is in Q-loiter mode...
- 10.Go through the pre-flight checklist.
- 11. Turn on the safety switch. (Long Press the GPS safety switch until the red light keeps on).
- 12. Push the radio throttle stick to min. and the direction stick to the far right to start the motors. Once the motors have started spinning, release both sticks simultaneously.









- Voltage may drop 2~3 V when encounters air turbulence or Hard maneuver. If the voltage drops rapidly below 45 V, great attention should be given, and the drone should be landed and inspected when necessary.
- Fuel depletion may damage NOVA. Monitor fuel level with given sensor and land before fuel ran out. To monitor fuel level, please purchase Liquid level display.

Landing

Follow the steps below to use Landing:

1.push the throttle stick down, Release stick once the motors have stopped.

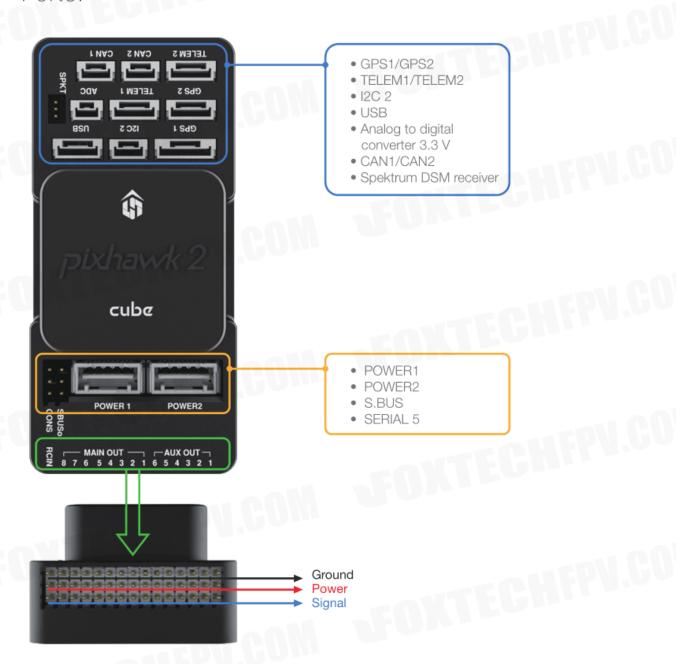


- 2. Switch the three-position switch to "idle", cooled down NOVA generator for about 30 seconds.
- 3. Switch the three-position switch to "stop". NOVA will stop.
- 4.Plug off.

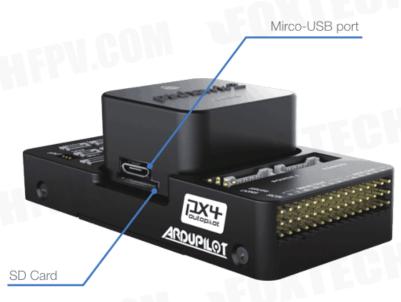
Appendix

Pixhawk 2.1 Flight Control System Overview

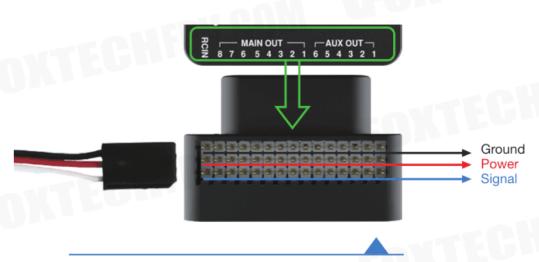
Ports:







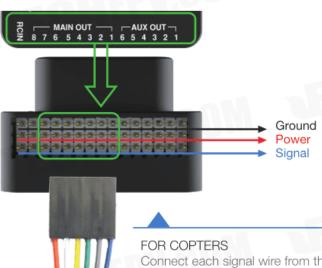
For PPM RC receivers and Futaba S.Bus receivers



Connect the ground(-),power(+),and signal(S) wires to the RC pins using the provided 3-wire servo cable.

FOR PWM RECEIVERS

Purchase a PPM Encoder module to connect a PWM RC receiver to PIXHAWK2.1 at hex.aero or proficer.com



Connect each signal wire from the PDB to the main output signal (S) pins by motor number. Connect one wire for each motor to the corresponding pin.

Pin 1 = Motor 1 Pin 5 = Motor 5

Pin 2 = Motor 2 Pin 6 = Motor 6

Pin 3 = Motor 3 Pin 7 = Motor 7

Pin 4 = Motor 4 Pin 8 = Motor 8

FOR PLANES

For planes, connect the control channel wires to the main output signal pins.

Pin 1 = Aileron

Pin 2 = Elevator

Pin 3 = Throttle

Pin 4 = Rudder

FOR ROVERS

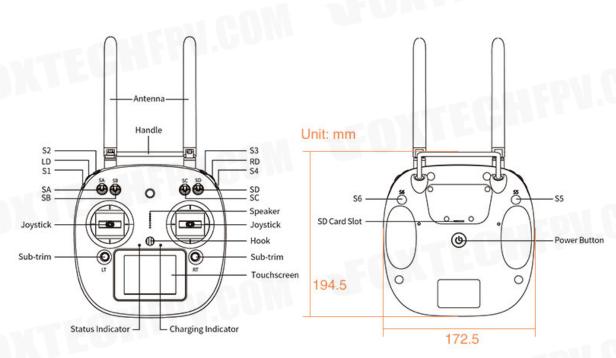
For rovers, connect the throttle and steering wires to the main output signal pins.

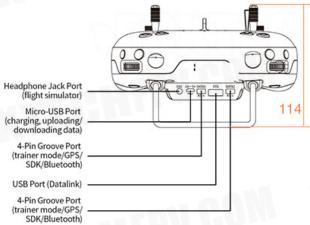
Pin 3 = Throttle

Pin 4 = Steering

DA16 Remote Controller

DA16+ is 16-channel radio controller which has both datalink and radiolink built inside, and both the datalink and radiolink can reach a range of 5km. You also could equip the DA16+ with range booster to extend the RC range and data transmission distance to 15km-20km.







Extensible Ports

By supports extenal hardware devices and SDK, the remote controller's applicabion potential is ultimately developable.

This content is subject to change.

Download the latest version from

https://www.foxtechfpv.com/gaia-160-hybrid-hexacopter-arf-combo.html

For everyday updates, please follow Foxtech facebook page" Foxtechhobby".

YouTube Channel: Foxtech